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Quality of Life publishes original research papers and reviews and aims to provide a forum for the rapid dissemination of significant novel research in the various disciplines encompassing the Science and Technology of Food, Public health engineering, Sanitary inspection and control, Environmental and Public Health.

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All papers must be written in English. If English is not the authors' first language, the manuscript should be given to a native speaker of English for proofreading. The cover letter should contain full names (with underlined surnames) of all authors, their titles and their signatures confirming that manuscript or part of it was not accepted for publication or being considered for publication or published somewhere else.

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General format

For clearness the paper should be divided into the following sections: **Title Page**, **Abstract**, *Key words*, **Introduction**, **Materials and Methods**, **Results**, **Discussion** (**Results and Discussion**), **Conclusions**, *Acknowledgements*, and **References**.

Title Page

The title page should be devoted to the title (in caps), the full name(s) of the author(s), and the full postal addresses for all co-authors. In multi-authored texts indicate author affiliation by superscript Arabic numbers placed after author's name and before the appropriate address. Clearly indicate who is willing to handle correspondence at all stages of refereeing, publication and post-publication. The corresponding author should be identified with an asterisk. A footnote should contain an e-mail address, telephone number and fax number for the corresponding author. Title should be concise and explanatory of the content of the paper.

Abstract

Abstract (not longer than 250 words) should explain the aim of the paper and include the most relevant results and conclusions. Directly below the summary, authors should provide the key words.

Key words

Key words should list the main topic of the paper and should not contain more than 6 words or phrases, which should be separated by commas.

Introduction

It is particularly important that the introductory part be as brief as possible and clear in description of the aims of investigation. Previous relevant work regarding the topic of the manuscript should be included with references.

Materials and Methods

Experimental part should be written clearly and in sufficient detail to allow the work to be repeated. Detailed description is required only for new techniques

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Results and Discussion

Results and Discussion can be written as two separate or one combined section. Discussion should not be merely the repetition of the obtained results. Combining the results with discussion can simplify the presentation.

Each table and illustration must have all necessary information to be understood independently of the text. The same data should not be reproduced in both diagrams and tables. Whenever, possible formulae and equations are to be written in one line.

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Figure legends should be placed at the bottom of each figure, while table headings should appear above the tables. The values on the x- and y-axes must be clearly and precisely defined, decimal numbers must have decimal points, not commas. Footnotes to tables should be indicated by superscript letters or symbols. Experimental error and statistical significance should be stated clearly.

Nomenclature

If symbols, letters and abbreviations are used in the text they should be listed with their explanations. **SI (Système International) units** should be used. **Nomenclature** of inorganic and organic compounds should conform to the rules of the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).

Conclusion

It should indicate the significant contribution of the manuscript with its applications.

Acknowledgements

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Scollan, N., Hocquette, J., Nuernberg, K., Dannenberger, D., Richardson, I. & Moloney, A. (2006). Innovations in beef production systems that enhance the nutritional and health value of beef lipids and their relationship with meat quality. Meat Science, 74(1), 17–33.

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References to a conference:

Savell, J. W., & Shackelford, S. D. (1992). The significance of tenderness to the meat industry. In Proceedings of the 45th Reciprocal Meat Conference (pp. 43–46). Chicago. IL.

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Meilgaard M., Civille G.V., & Carr T.B. (1999). Sensory Evaluation Techniques. (3rd ed.). CRC Press, Printed in USA.

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Gudmundsson, M., & Hafsteinsson, H. (2002). New non-thermal techniques for processing seafood. In H. A. Bremner (Ed.), Safety and quality issues in fish processing (pp. 308–329). Cambridge, England: CRC Press, Woodhead Publishing Ltd.

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